











Lecture "3" Mobile App Development (Android, iOS, BlackBerry, Windows Mobile)

<lecturer, date>

Outline

- Smartphones
- Developing Mobile Applications
- Android
- iOS
- BlackBerry
- Windows Mobile
- References



Cell phones

- low-end "feature phones"
- high-end "smartphones"



Smartphone

- Features
 - More powerful than feature phone
 - With more device capabilities
- Smartphone as a new PC
 - Typically cheaper than computers
 - More convenient because of their portability
 - Will perform many of the routine tasks currently on a desktop/laptop
 - The center of gravity of the software industry will be mobilized





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Terminology

- Integrated Development Environment (IDE)
 - A software application that provides comprehensive facilities to developers for software development
 - Normally consists of a source code editor, build automation tools and a debugger
- Application Programming Interface (API)
 - A set of routines/protocols/tools for building software apps
 - Expresses a software component in terms of its operations/inputs/outputs/ underlying types
 - Defines functionalities that are independent of their respective implementations



Terminology

- Software Development Kit (SDK)
 - Allows you to build against the headers and libraries of an OS version other than the one you're running on e.g.; you can build for OS X version 10.4 while running on OS X version 10.6
- Native Development Kit (NDK)
 - A toolset that allows you to implement parts of your app using native-code languages such as C and C++
 - For certain types of apps, this can be helpful so you can reuse existing code libraries written in these languages

Terminology

Emulator

- E.g.; Android SDK includes a mobile device emulator
- A virtual mobile device that runs on your computer
- Lets you develop and test Android apps without using a physical device



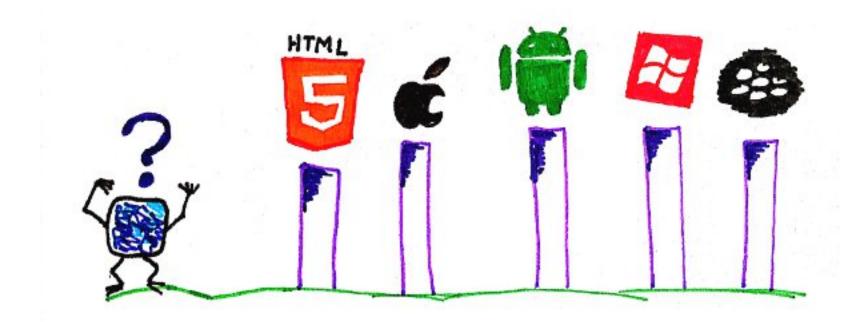
Developing Mobile Apps

A tricky business



Developing Mobile Apps

Write code in different languages/different platforms



Platforms

- 1. iOS for iPhone/iPad/iPod Touch apps
- 2. Android open source platform by Google



Developing Outline

- Building a simple app
- Running in the simulator
- Adding a browser control
- Building for the device
- Distribution options and requirements



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Android

- Released under the open source Apache License
- Built on Linux kernel version 2.6
- A project of the Open Handset Alliance (OHA)
- Founded by Google



Rich Set of Features

- 2D and 3D graphics
- Good media support for common audio/video/image formats
- Animated transitions and high-resolution
- Colorful graphics are integrated in OS
- Web browser is based on the powerful WebKit engine
- Multitasking of applications





Android Development

Android				
IDE	Android Studio			
SDK	Java/C,C++ since Android NDK			





Android Development

- On Windows/Linux/Mac platforms
- No Java Virtual Machine on the platform
- Java classes are recompiled in to Dalvik bytecode and run on a Dalvik virtual machine
- C/C++
 - To reuse existing code
 - To gain performance



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iOS Development

- iOS
 - Advanced OS
 - With iOS SDK and Xcode IDE creates revolutionary mobile apps

iOS					
IDE	Xcode				
SD K	Objective-C/C/C++/Fortran/Java/Objective-C++ AppleScript/Python/Ruby				



Xcode

- Xcode suite includes Interface Builder and Instruments
 - Interface Builder helps you create user interfaces for your app
 - Instruments provides a thorough analysis of your app's
 - Runtime performance
 - Memory usage
 - Allowing you to efficiently find memory leaks and bottlenecks to help improve the user experience





Design Patterns

- 1. Model-View-Controller (MVC) pattern
 - Central to a good design for any iOS app
 - a way to separate your code into three functionally independent areas
 - Assigns the objects in an app to one of three roles: model, view, or controller
 - The main purpose for MVC is reusability where you can reuse the same model for different views



MVC

Models

Keep track of your app's data

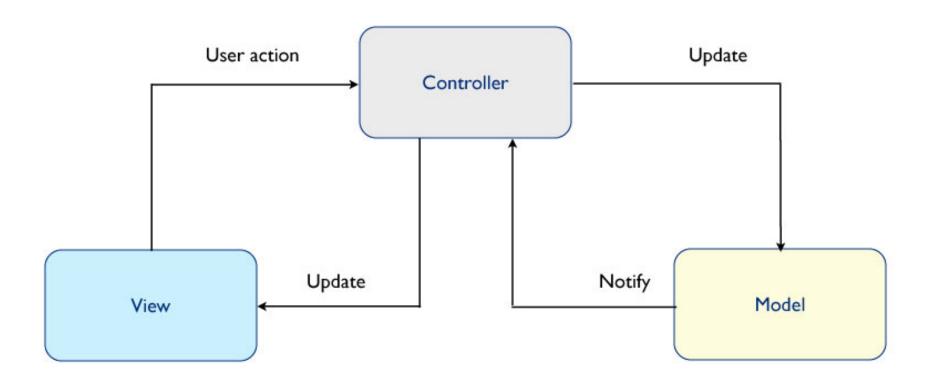
Views

Display your user interface and make up the content of an app

Controllers

- Manage your views by responding to user actions and populating views with content from the data model
- Serve as a gateway for communication between the model and views





Design Patterns

2. Target-Action

- Conceptually simple design in which one object sends a message to another object when a specific event occurs
- Action message is a selector defined in source code
- <u>Target</u> (object that receives the message) is an object capable of performing the action, typically a view controller
- Object that sends the action message is usually
 - a control e.g.; a button/ slider/switch
 - can trigger an event in response to user interaction such as tap, drag, or val



Design Patterns

3. Delegation

- A simple and powerful pattern in which one object in an app acts on behalf of/or in coordination with another object
- Delegating object
 - Keeps a reference to the other object (the delegate)
 - The delegating object sends a message to the delegate at appropriate time
 - The message informs the delegate of an event that the delegating object is about to handle/has just handled
 - The delegate may respond to the message by updating the appearance/state of itself or of other objects in the app
 - In some cases it will return a value that affects how an impending even handled



iPhone Development

- You will need an Intel-based Macintosh computer running OS X v10.5.7 or later for development
- The latest version of the iPhone SDK
- Verify that your device OSs are up-to-date
- Download iPhone SDK which includes the Xcode IDE/iPhone simulator and a suite of additional tools

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BlackBerry

- A product of Research in Motion (RIM)
- Runs a proprietary multitasking OS

BlackBerry				
IDE	Eclips/BlackBerry SDK Plug-in			
SDK	Java/Widget SDK			



BlackBerry Development

- BlackBerry Web Development
 - The newest offering from RIM using the Widget SDK
 - BlackBerry Widgets are small, discrete, standalone web applications that use HTML/CSS/JavaScript
- Java Application Development
 - Classic way in which BlackBerry apps are developed in Java using MIDP 2.0/CLDC 1.1/RIM's proprietary APIs
 - Although the BlackBerry tools are based on Java, only the Windows 32-bit OS is really supported for development

BlackBerry Enterprise Server (BES)

- Provides advanced functionality for IT administrators e.g.,
 - Deploy and update applications
 - Set policies for devices
 - Most importantly, synchronize email/calendar entries/contacts/tasks wirelessly using push technology
 - ⇒ BES is one of the reasons the BlackBerry is so dominant in enterprise market



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Windows Mobile

Provides a more desktop-like user experience than other smartphones

Windows Mobile				
IDE	Microsoft Visual Studio/Expression Blend			
SDK	C++/C#, Silverlight/XNA since Windows Phone 7			



Windows Phone 7

- Forthcoming Windows Mobile platform
- Provides a user experience better suited to mobile use patterns
- Provides support for app/game development using Silverlight/XNA respectively in addition to C++/C#-based apps with .NET Compact Framework
- Microsoft Visual Studio 2010/Expression Blend 4 for Windows
 Phone: Primary tools for Windows Phone 7 development





Comparison of Platforms

Platforms	iOS	Android	Windows Mobile	BlackBerry
IDE	Xcode	Android Studio	Microsoft Visual Studio Expression Blend	Eclipse BlackBerry SDK Plugin
SDK	Objective-C C/C++/fortran/Java/ Objective-C++ AppleScript/Python Ruby	Java C/C++ since Android NDK	C++/C# Silverlight/XNA since Windows Phone 7	Java Widget SDK (HTML/CSS/JavaScri pt)



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References

- Lundrigan, L., Graupera, V.,, Allen, S. (2010). Pro smartphone crossplatform development - iPhone, BlackBerry, Windows Mobile, and Android Development and Distriubution. PA USA: Apress.
- Android: https://developer.android.com/index.html
- iOS: http://developer.apple.com/iphone
- BlackBerry: http://na.blackberry.com/eng/developers/
- Windows Mobile: https://dev.windows.com/en-us/getstarted







Lab "3" Android Studio

<lecturer, date>





Lab "3"

- Lab3 is about installation of Android IDE and getting familiar with Android and Java programming through a basic Android application development (*HelloWorld*).
 - ✓ Download and install Android Studio https://developer.android.com/sdk/index.html
 - ✓ Download and install the latest SDK tools and platforms using SDK Manager https://developer.android.com/tools/help/sdk-manager.html











Seminar "3" Mobile App Development (Android, iOS, BlackBerry, Windows Mobile)

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Seminar "3"

- Make a report of Android Studio features and work flow
- Android Studio: https://developer.android.com/tools/studio/index.html











Mini-Project "3" Mobile App Development (Android, iOS, BlackBerry, Windows Mobile)

<lecturer, date>

Mini-Project "3"

- Prepare a short report of Xcode, its features and interface builder
- Resources
 - Overview & Features
 - https://developer.apple.com/library/mac/documentation/ToolsLanguages/Conceptual/Xcode_Overview/Xcode_Overview.pdf
 - https://developer.apple.com/xcode/
 - Download Xcode: https://developer.apple.com/xcode/downloads/