Project Acronym: MEDIS

Project Title: A Methodology for the Formation of Highly Qualified Engineers at Masters

Level in the Design and Development of Advanced Industrial Informatics Systems

Contract Number: 544490-TEMPUS-1-2013-1-ES-TEMPUS-JPCR

Starting date: 01/12/2013 Ending date: 30/11/2016

Deliverable Number: 3.2

Title of the Deliverable: Adaptation AIISM - AIISM Integration in curricula

Task/WP related to the Deliverable:

Type (Internal or Restricted or Public): Internal

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Contractual Date of Delivery to the CEC:

Actual Date of Delivery to the CEC:

Context

WP 3	Adaptation of AIISM to specific curricula in PC
WPLeader	NTUU-KPI
Task 3.2	Adaptation AIISM - AIISM Integration in curricula
Task Leader	NTUU-KPI
Dependencies	
Starting date	
Release date	

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Reviewers						

History

Version	Date	Author	Comments
	2014/03/01	Shynar Mussiraliyeva	Preliminary version
	2014/04/21	Juan V. Capella	Improved version
	2014/06/15	Michael Seyfarth	First complete version
	2014/09/30	Radu Dobrin	Preliminary version

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1 Executive summary

This deliverable presents the report on the integration of AIISM in the curricula of Master Programs at the Faculty of Mechanics and Mathematics, Department of Informational Systems that is responsible for MEDIS Project in al-Farabi Kazakh National University.

2 Possibilities for the Integration of AIISM Courses

According to the analysis of the proposed AIISM courses (fulfilled on the basis of available Deliverables of WP1, but not WP2) and the curricula of three programmes (Master Programme "Automation and Control", Master Programme "Information Systems", Master Programme "Security Information Systems") fulfilled in WP3.1 the following possibilities and obstacles for the Integration of AIISM Courses have been discovered:

- 1. The duration of the proposed courses is 15 weeks and the duration of each semester in KazNU is also 15 weeks. Thus, the proposed master program at the Faculty of Mechanics and Mathematics, Department of Informational Systems is suitable for AIISM courses implementation.
- 2. Master Programme "Automation and Control" can be used as the basis for all 5 MEDIS project courses.
- 3. The Master Program "Information Systems" can be used as the basis for AIISM implementation for the course "Industrial networks and Fieldbuses".
- 4. The Master Program "Security Information Systems" can be used as the basis for AIISM implementation for the course "Mobile and cloud computing".
- 5. The proposed AIISM courses can be integrated into curricula as courses of a variable part of a Master Program. According to current regulations a variable part may include several alternatives (elective courses). Thus, the proposed courses can be considered as elective courses to be chosen by students.
- 6. The Bachelor Programme "Information Systems" doesn't provide prospective Master students with sufficient knowledge in electronics (in particular in analog electronics) necessary for some AIISM courses. To overcome this knowledge gap the additional 3 weeks mentioned above can be used for introductory lectures.
- 7. The Bachelor Programme "Automation and Control" provides prospective Master students with good knowledge in computer architecture that will meet requirements of AIISM courses.
- 8. The Bachelor Programme "Automation and Control" provides prospective Master students with good knowledge in programming that will fully satisfy requirements of AIISM courses.

3 Program Proposal of EU Partners

3.1 Industrial Computers module

The Industrial Computers is an AIISM module structured with different activities. These

activities are developed during 3 hours/day (during 15 weeks) through a PBL methodology, using as a case study the example of the control of the liquids tank. To develop the course, students have to apply the knowledge acquired from the lectures and the laboratory practices. The proposed learning activities are the following:

- Lecture and problems: lecturer presents main ideas of lecture contents and proposes some application problems which student solves individually (1 h).
- Laboratory session: To implement (1 h 15") a practical problem previously presented during lecture. Students work by teams of two students.
- Seminars: a panel discussion with student teams (4 students) lasting 45 minutes is proposed, consisting generally of solving a problem by means of PBL.
- Mini-project: dedicated to planning, design and development of the control system of the educational liquids tank. The mini-project is performed by teams of 4 students during 2 hours. Weekly, the mini-project is advanced progressively.

Based in the previous proposals, the set of chapters to group different topics is the following:

- 1. Introduction to industrial informatics
- 2. Computer architecture
- 3. Project management
- 4. Software development
- 5. Process interface
- 6. Graphical user interface
- 7. Task scheduling
- 8. Regulation strategies
- 9. Integration and validation

Chapters 1 and 2 introduce basics about computer architecture and the applicability of computers to industry.

Another basic of an engineer is the correct management of a project. This is the objective of the chapter 3 that is spread along the course. This is also a horizontal content of the module, so it is spread along the course and in a position where student understands its implications.

Chapter 4 develops skills on C programming to be applied on the application creation. This is a horizontal requirement of the module.

Chapter 5 deals with the connection of the computer to the real world, the so called "process interface". This is set tends to motivate the student because he/she sees the interaction with physical reality.

Taking into consideration that the actual student's generation is accustomed to stunning visual user interfaces. Chapter 6 is in place for introducing another motivating set of activities related to this aspect.

At this point, it is necessary to start coordinating actions inside the application. So chapter 7 introduces the very basics around task coordination/scheduling.

And, finally, the student needs to see that your development works. From the point of view of the teacher, it is adequate to introduce here the regulation problem according to chapter 8.

A serious project of industrial informatics needs an investing on testing of each piece and integration. This important task is in chapter 9.

The scheduling distribution in weeks for this module is shown in Figure 1.

	Chapter		Topic		
	1	INTRODUCTION			
1	1	Lecture	Introduction to industrial informatics		
1	1	Lab	Development environment - Programming the "Hello World"		
1	1	Seminar	C programming (1) - Basic resources		
1	1	Miniproject	Presentation of the problem to solve		
2	1	Lecture	Structure and design of industrial informatics systems		
2	1	Lab	Event oriented programming		
2	1	Seminar	C programming (2) - Programming tools		
2	1	Miniproject	Analysis of the project requirements		
	2	COMPUTER			
3	2	Lecture	Computer architecture		
3	2	Lab	Using libraries in C		
3	2	Seminar	C programming (3) - Libraries		
3	2	Miniproject	Project formal specification		
	3	PROJECT PLANNING			
4	3	Lecture	Project management (1)		
4	3	Lab	Tools for project management		
4	3	Seminar	Discussing cases of project management systems		
4	3	Miniproject	Project planning		
	4	PROGRAMMING + DA	TA		
5	4	Lecture	Modular programming		
5	4	Lab	Modular programming in C		
5	4	Seminar	Modular programming resources		
5	4	Miniproject	Modular decomposition of the program		
6	4	Lecture	Data representation and sharing		
6	4	Lab	Data sharing between C modules		
6	4	Seminar	Chosing the appropiate data representation		
6	4	Miniproject	Implementation of the shared data module		
	5	PROCESS INTERFACE			
7	5	Lecture	Process interface (1) - Introduction and digital input		
7	5	Lab	Digital input		
7	5	Seminar	DAQ card (1) - Introduction and digital input		
7	5	Miniproject	Implementation of the process interface module (1) - DI		
8	5	Lecture	Process interface (2) - Digital output		
8	5	Lab	Digital output		
8	5	Seminar	DAQ card (2) - Digital output		
8	5				
9	5	Miniproject	Implementation of the process interface module (2) - DO		
9	5	Lecture	Process interface (3) - Analog input and output		
		Lab	Analog input and output		
0		Camainan	DAQ card (3) - Analog input and output		
9	5	Seminar			
9	5 5	Miniproject	Implementation of the process interface module (3) - AlO		
9	5 5 6	Miniproject USER INTERFACE	Implementation of the process interface module (3) - AIO		
9	5 5 6	Miniproject USER INTERFACE Lecture	Implementation of the process interface module (3) - AIO Graphical user interface (1) - Introduction		
9 10 10	5 5 6 6	Miniproject USER INTERFACE Lecture Lab	Implementation of the process interface module (3) - AIO Graphical user interface (1) - Introduction Programming GUI controls		
9 10 10 10	5 6 6 6 6	Miniproject USER INTERFACE Lecture Lab Seminar	Implementation of the process interface module (3) - AIO Graphical user interface (1) - Introduction Programming GUI controls Graphical user interface for the industry (1) - Basic		
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Figure 1 Scheduling of the Industrial Computers AIISM module

About the module assessment [WP1.4 UPV], we will collect all grades earned along the continuous assessment developed along the course and proceed to obtain the final grade for the module.

To do this we establish the following proportion between the different sections to ensure a fair rating for differentiating their individual acquisition of knowledge and skills against the student group work:

- The evaluation of the student attitude (A) a 10% of the final score.
- The evaluation of the miniproject represents (MP) a 40% of the final score.
- The evaluation of the Laboratory (L): 20% of the final score.
- The evaluation of the Problems (P): 15% of the final score.
- The evaluation of the Seminars (S): 15% of the final score.

With all the information of ratings and percentages described will get a single grade for each student.

Analyzing the master programs of the Al-Farabi Kazakh National University related to the AISSM area, we find that the program that better fits in order to integrate the Industrial Computer module and the rest of AISSM courses is the speciality "Computing Systems and Software" of the Master of Engineering Sciences (6M070400). The entity responsible of this program is the Faculty of Mechanics and Mathematics.

About the integration of the Industrial Computers module in this program, after the study carried out, the following conclusions have been obtained:

- The Industrial Computer module can be integrated in the 1st or 2nd year of the indicated master program.
- The Industrial Computer module can be adapted into curricula as course of a variable part of the Master Programme. The Industrial Computer module can be considered as elective course forming the AISSM intensification.
- The students that course the AISSM will obtain the Master of Engineering Sciences speciality Computing Systems and Software degree.
- The students of the Master of Engineering Sciences have the sufficient background to course the Industrial Computer module.
- The proposed evaluation method for Industrial Computer AISSM module fits with the Al-Farabi Kazakh National University regulations.

In this manner, the Industrial Computer module can be integrated into the Master of Engineering Sciences - speciality "Computing Systems and Software" in the 1st /2nd year covering an elective course slot. The disciplines of this program are shown in Table 1:

Name of the course	Credits	Туре
Foreign Language (professional)	2	Mandatory

History and Philosophy of Science	2	Mandatory
Organization and Planning of Science Research	3	Mandatory
Pedagogics	2	Mandatory
Software of parallel and distributed computing systems	3	Mandatory
Psychology	2	Mandatory
Network Technology	3	Mandatory
Theory of pattern recognition	3	Mandatory
Technology high-performance computing	2	Mandatory
The technology of software design	2	Mandatory
Architecture of high-efficiency systems		Elective
Introduction to Systems Analysis and Control Theory		Elective
Introduction to the theory of algorithms		Elective
Verification of computer systems		Elective
Computer modelling		Elective
Methods and models of pattern recognition		Elective
Research methods		Elective
Software development methods		Elective
Cloud computing		Elective
Common questions about Big Data Analytics		Elective
Common questions of pattern recognition and classification		Elective
Organization and Planning of Scientific Research		Elective
Fund. of simulation modeling		Elective
Fund. of mathematical logic		Elective
Basics of Cloud Infrastructure		Elective
Fund. of distributed structures		Elective
Fund. of the theory of neural networks		Elective
The basic technology of database design		Elective
Fund. of formal methods of software development		Elective
Software of parallel and distributed computing systems		Elective
Software Design		Elective
The development and implementation of solutions for servers and storage systems		Elective
Development and implementation of network solutions		Elective
Protection systems of data and information safety		Elective

maintenance of Web-applications	
Supercomuter simulation and visualization in scientific research	Elective
Information theory	Elective
Theory of software reliability and fault tolerance	Elective
The theory of neural networks	Elective
Theory of pattern recognition	Elective
Development and implementation of network solutions	Elective
The technology of software design	Elective
The management of computing systems	Elective
Elements of mathematical logic for programmers	Elective

Table 1. Master of Engineering Sciences - specialty "Computing Systems and Software"

3.2 Microcontroller module

The above mentioned module is an AIISM module containing different learning activities. These activities are taught during 5 hours/day, one day of the week (during 15 weeks) through a PBL methodology, using as a case study the example of the control of a liquids tank. The total supervised contact time is 75 hours during the semester. The total workload for the students is approximately 150 hours, resulting in 5 credit points (ECTS).

To successfully run through the course, students have to apply the knowledge acquired from the lectures and the laboratory practices. The proposed learning activities are the following:

- Lecture: lecturer presents main ideas of lecture contents and proposes some application problems which student solves individually (1 h contact time).
- Laboratory session: To implement (1 h 45") a practical problem previously presented during lecture. Students work by teams of two students. Contact time is given by a technician and the lecturer.
- Seminars: a panel discussion with student teams (4 students) lasting 45 minutes is proposed, consisting generally of presenting the solution for a problem, which previously was analysed by the student team. The lecturer leads the discussion and summarizes the main results.
- Mini-project: dedicated to planning, design and development of the control system of an industrial production and transportation process. Teams of 4 students work on the mini-project during 2 hours/week (supervised by a technician and partly by

a lectruer). Independent work of about another 2-3 hours/week advance the miniproject progressively.

Based on the previous proposals, the set of chapters to group different topics is the following:

- 10. Introduction to microcontrollers and process control
- 11. Project management and project planning
- 12. Input-/Output system of microcontrollers
- 13. Timer and interrupt functions on microcontroller systems
- 14. Graphic systems for microcontrollers
- 15. Communication systems on microcontrollers
- 16. Implementation of Control methods on microcontrollers
- 17. Integration and validation

Chapter 1 focuses on an introduction to microcontrollers, sample Applications, definition of Basic concepts and important terms.

Chapter 2 deals with project-management. There is no lecture for this topic, as it is not the main focus of this course. The contents of this chapter are worked out by seminars about project management methods and project documentation strategies.

Chapter 3 focuses on the I/O-system of microcontrollers. The interfaces of the microcontroller interact with the process directly. The chapter introduces the different kinds of input- and output-signals and their programming in the microcontroller.

Chapter 4 introduces timer and interrupts. In addition this chapter deals with the concepts of programming timer and interrupts using the microcontroller Arduino Due.

Chapter 5 deals with graphical user interfaces for microcontrollers. The main part of this chapter focuses on a graphical TFT-display wired to the microcontroller Arduino Due. In detail the necessary libraries and functions are explained.

Chapter 6 gives a short introduction to concepts of communication between microcontrollers. This lecture focuses on special communication mechanisms used with microcontrollers.

Chapter 7 introduces algorithms of closed loop control. Key feature of closed loop control is the recirculation of a current value and comparison with a desired value. There are different types of controllers – their mathematical models will be explained.

Chapter 8 deals with the integration and validation of the mini-project. There is no lecture for this topic. The contents of this chapter are worked out by a seminar about test and validation strategies. In addition the students learn directly by developing the mini-project and integrating and documenting their own mini-project.

Figure 2 shows the scheduling of this module spread to 15 weeks:

Туре	Topic	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
INTRODUC	TION	ļ									<u>. </u>		<u>. </u>			
Lecture	Introduction to microcontrollers; architecture of microcontrollers	х														
Lab	Development environment; connection of microcontroller to PC	x														
Lecture	Introduction to Process Control and mini project	l^	х													
Seminar	C programming basics		X													
	ANAGEMENT		^													
Project	Formal specification of the mini-project	1	х													
Project	Analysis of project specification	Ť		х												
Seminar	Project managment			х												
Project	Project planning, management and timetable of mini-project				х											
Project	Design of mini-project					х										
Seminar	Discussing mini-project status										х					
Lab	Tools for project documentation														х	
Seminar	Project documentation strategies														х	
	A of microcontrollers															
Lecture	Digital I/Os of microcontrollers	1		х												
Lab	Digital I/O			х												
Lecture	Analog I/Os of microcontrollers				х											
Lab	Analog I/O				х											
Lecture	Amplifier circuits for actuators and sensors	ì				х										
Lab	Build up a basic amplifier circuit					х										
Seminar	Libraries					х										
Lecture	State machines, scheduling	Ť					х									
Seminar	Software tools for modeling of state machines						х									
Project	Using libraries in the mini-project						х									
TIMER AND	INTERRUPT HANDLING															
Lecture	Timer Handling							х								
Lab	Basic timer functions							х								
Project	Implementing digital I/O							х								
Lecture	Interrupt handling								х							
Lab	Basis interrupt functions								х							
Project	Implementing analog I/O								х							
GRAPHIC S'	YSTEM															
Lecture	Displays and graphic routines									х	х					
Lab	Basic Display functions									х						
Project	Implementing state machine and controller									х						
Lab	Advanced display functions										х					
Project	Implementing display										х					
Project	Implementing user interface											х				
COMMUNIC	CATION between microcontrollers															
Lecture	Communication between different microcontrollers												х	х		
Lab	Basic communication methods (Serial)												х			
Project	Communication to other liquid tanks												х	х		
Lab	Advanced Communication Methods													х		
Lecture	Communication between different microcontrollers														х	
CONTROL N		_														
CONTROL N Lecture	VETHODS Closed Loop Controller: modeling and algorithms											х				
Lecture Lab	Closed Loop Controller: modeling and algorithms Programming closed loop controllers											x				
Lecture Lab	Closed Loop Controller: modeling and algorithms											_				
Lecture Lab	Closed Loop Controller: modeling and algorithms Programming closed loop controllers											_			X	
Lecture Lab INTEGRATIO	Closed Loop Controller: modeling and algorithms Programming closed loop controllers ON AND VALIDATION											_			x	x
Lecture Lab INTEGRATIO Project	Closed Loop Controller: modeling and algorithms Programming closed loop controllers ON AND VALIDATION Module integration and documentation of the mini-project.											_			x	x x

Figure 2 Scheduling of the Microcontroller module

Deliverable [WP1.4 USTUTT] describes the details of grading the students in the module. The overall grade is calculated by different grades, earned along the continuous assessment of the students during the whole module.

For the microcontroller module the following proportion of grading between the different learning activities ensures a fair rating for differentiating the individual acquisition of knowledge and skills of the students:

- The evaluation of the student attitude (A): 10% of the final score.
- The evaluation of the miniproject (MP) represents 40% of the final score.

- The evaluation of the Lecture (L): 15% of the final score.
- The evaluation of the Laboratory (P): 20% of the final score.
- The evaluation of the Seminars (S): 15% of the final score.

Analyzing the master programs of the Al-Farabi Kazakh National University related to the AISSM area gives the result, that the speciality "Computing Systems and Software" of the Master of Engineering Sciences (6M070400) best fits in order to integrate the Microcontroller module and the rest of AISSM courses. The entity responsible for this program is the Faculty of Mechanics and Mathematics.

About the integration of the Microcontroller module in this program, after the study carried out, the following conclusions have been obtained:

- The Microcontroller module can be integrated in the 1st or 2nd year of the indicated master program.
- The Microcontroller module can be adapted into curricula as a course of a variable part of the Master Programme. The Microcontroller module can be considered as an elective course intensifying the AISSM profile.
- A course of 3 credits consists of 45 contact hours with the teacher, 45 hours of independent work, with contact to the teacher and 45 hours of independent work without contact with the teacher. The Microcontroller module is calculated with a workload of approximately 150 hours. The miniproject should be shortenend (configuration of production system already given) and Chapter 7 (closed loop control) should be skipped.
- The students that choose the AISSM profile will obtain the Master of Engineering Sciences speciality Computing Systems and Software degree.
- The students of the Master of Engineering Sciences have the sufficient background to participate in the Microcontroller module.
- The proposed evaluation method for the Microcontroller module fits with the Al-Farabi Kazakh National University regulations.

In this manner, the Microcontroller module can be integrated into the Master of Engineering Sciences - speciality "Computing Systems and Software" in the 1st /2nd year covering an elective course slot. The disciplines of this program are shown in Table 2:

Name of the course	Credits	Туре
Foreign Language (professional)	2	Mandatory
History and Philosophy of Science	2	Mandatory
Organization and Planning of Science Research	3	Mandatory

	1	
Pedagogics	2	Mandatory
Software of parallel and distributed computing systems	3	Mandatory
Psychology	2	Mandatory
Network Technology	3	Mandatory
Theory of pattern recognition	3	Mandatory
Technology high-performance computing	2	Mandatory
The technology of software design	2	Mandatory
Micrcocontroller based systems for controlling industrial processes	3	Elective
Architecture of high-efficiency systems		Elective
Introduction to Systems Analysis and Control Theory		Elective
Introduction to the theory of algorithms		Elective
Verification of computer systems		Elective
Computer modelling		Elective
Methods and models of pattern recognition		Elective
Research methods		Elective
Software development methods		Elective
Cloud computing		Elective
Common questions about Big Data Analytics		Elective
Common questions of pattern recognition and classification		Elective
Organization and Planning of Scientific Research		Elective
Fund. of simulation modeling		Elective
Fund. of mathematical logic		Elective
Basics of Cloud Infrastructure		Elective
Fund. of distributed structures		Elective
Fund. of the theory of neural networks		Elective
The basic technology of database design		Elective
Fund. of formal methods of software development		Elective
Software of parallel and distributed computing systems		Elective
Software Design		Elective
The development and implementation of solutions for servers and storage systems		Elective
Development and implementation of network solutions		Elective
Protection systems of data and information safety		Elective

maintenance of Web-applications	
Supercomuter simulation and visualization in scientific research	Elective
Information theory	Elective
Theory of software reliability and fault tolerance	Elective
The theory of neural networks	Elective
Theory of pattern recognition	Elective
Development and implementation of network solutions	Elective
The technology of software design	Elective
The management of computing systems	Elective
Elements of mathematical logic for programmers	Elective

Table 2. Master of Engineering Sciences - specialty "Computing Systems and Software"

3.3 Mobile and Cloud Computing module

This module is an AIISM module structured with different activities. Similar to the other modules, the activities are developed during 3 hours/day (during 15 weeks) through a PBL methodology, using as a case study the example of the remote control of the liquids tank. To develop the course, students have to apply the knowledge acquired from the lectures and the laboratory practices. The proposed learning activities are the following:

- Lecture and problems: lecturer presents main ideas of lecture contents and proposes some application problems which student solves individually (1 h).
- Laboratory session: To implement (1 h 15") a practical problem previously presented during lecture. Students work by teams of two students.
- Seminars: a panel discussion with student teams (4 students) lasting 45 minutes is proposed, consisting generally of solving a problem by means of PBL.
- Mini-project: dedicated to planning, design and development of the control system of the educational liquids tank. The mini-project is performed by teams of 4 students during 2 hours. Weekly, the mini-project is advanced progressively.

Based in the previous proposals, the set of chapters to group different topics is the following:

- 1. Fundamentals of Remote Monitoring and Control
- 2. Integrated Development Environment
- 3. Basic App Development
- 4. Graphical user interface (GUI)
- 5. Security
- 6. Reliability

The first 2 lectures will give an introduction to the fundamentals of remote monitoring and control of embedded systems as well as the liquid tank system which will be used throughout the course. Lectures 3 and 4 will give an overview of a number of integrated development

environments (IDEs) for developing apps that will be deployed on the most common operating systems, i.e. IOS and Android. Lectures 5 and 6 lecture will cover practical aspects of developing a basic app in one of the platforms using an example. The main feature of the app will be inter-device communication using Bluetooth and WiFi. The basics for designing a functional and intuitive graphical user interface will be covered in lectures 7 and 8. It will provide knowledge on the programming of GUI controls as well as addressing the limited bandwidth issues that can occur while dealing with media streaming. Securyt and Reliability will be addressed in lectures 9-12 that will cover the security related issues that a system connected to the internet might experience, suggest solutions and discuss the role based access control approach as well as reliability of embedded systems and usage of fault tolerance and testing for dependable systems design. It will also cover the synchronization issues that can occur with multiple accesses during remote monitoring and control of these systems. The last lecture will be a seminar for discussions of the research finding in the selected topics.

Additionally, the labs are the practical exercises that follow the corresponding lectures that help the students to acquire basic set of skills related to the topic of the lecture. Each lecture will be followed by a seminar where the student teams present the outcomes of their course work, as well as submit a written report, as well as miniprojects dedicated to planning, design and development of the control system of the educational liquids tank. The mini-project is performed by teams of 4 students during 2 hours.

The schedule distribution in weeks for this module is shown in Table 3.

Week	Type	Торіс
1 – Introduction		
1	Lecture	Fundamentals of Remote Monitoring and Control
1	Seminar	Research of Remote Monitoring and Control
1	Laboratory	Lab introduction - Liquid tank system I
1	Miniproject	Presentation of project goals
2	Lecture	Lab introduction - Liquid tank system
2	Seminar	Research of mobile communication
2	Laboratory	Lab introduction - Liquid tank system II
2	Miniproject	Control systems and mobile devices
2 – IDE		
3	Lecture	Dedicated IDE's for IOS and Android (Anita)
3	Seminar	IDE for mobile devices
3	Laboratory	IDE introduction - installation and usability
3	Miniproject	Design and structuring of control application
4	Lecture	Cross-platform development tools (Titanium, PhoneGap, etc)
4	Seminar	State of the Art on development tools
4	Lab	Basic app development!
4	Miniproject	Testing of mobile apps and I/O address mapping
3 – Basic App D	evelopment	
5	Lecture	Inter-device communication 1 (Anita)
5	Seminar	Research inter-device communication
5	Lab	Basic app development II

5	Miniproject	Implement basic control logic
	T .	
	Lecture	Inter-device communication 2 (Anita)
	Seminar	Research synchronisation in distributed systems.
	Lab	GUI development and implementation
	Miniproject	Implement complex control logic
	ser Interface (GU	·'
	Lecture	Graphical User Interface (GUI) 1 (Anita)
	Seminar	Structure of code for GUII
7	Lab	GUI development and implementation II
7	Miniproject	Add control logic to GUI
8	Lecture	Graphical User Interface (GUI) 2 (Anita)
		Propose structure of code implementing wireless communication on
8	Seminar	micro-controller
8	Lab	Implement wireless communication with the PC
8	Miniproject	Mapping of physical I/O to mobile devices
5 – Security		
	Lecture	Security in mobile communication
9	Seminar	Research application areas of secure wireless communication
9	Lab	Access control and synchronization mechanisms I
9	Miniproject	Build a library of functions to secure access
-	i j	
10	Lecture	Security and control
	Seminar	Research on secure control systems
	Lab	Access control and synchronization mechanisms II
	Miniproject	Secure sending and receiving of messages.
6 – Reliability	171111project	becare bending and receiving of messages.
	Lecture	Reliability in mobile communication
	Seminar	Research methods of reliability
	Lab	Implement reliable communication
11		Simple distributed reliable control application
- 11	wiiiiproject	Shiple distributed femable control application
12	Lecture	Fault tolerance
12		Research one fault tolerance for mobile devices
	Lab	Implement fault tolerant communication
	Miniproject	Add synchronous data transfer to distributed application.
12	Miniproject	Add synchronous data transfer to distributed application.
12	Lacture	Tacting of reliable mobile applications
	Lecture	Testing of reliable mobile applications Research on testing of mobile communication
13		Research on testing of mobile communication
	Laboratory	Testing approaches for mobile communication
	Miniproject	Determine latency of traffic in miniproject.
7 – Research fin		December describite mobile access along the (AII)
	Lecture	Research on dependable mobile communication 1 (All)
14		Research on app controlled ES
14	Laboratory	App control framework
		Add hierarchical supervisory control of distributed control
14	Miniproject	application.
	*	
15	Lecture	Research on dependable mobile communication 2 (All)
15	Seminar	Research on reliable communication for embedded control systems
	Seminar	Research on reliable communication for embedded control systems Final project demonstration Presentation of the project(s)

Table 3 Schedule of the Remote Monitoring and Control Module

About the module assessment [WP1.4 MDH], we will collect all grades earned along the

continuous assessment developed along the course and proceed to obtain the final grade for the module.

To do this we establish the following proportion between the different sections to ensure a fair rating for differentiating their individual acquisition of knowledge and skills against the student group work:

- The evaluation of the student attitude (A) a 10% of the final score.
- The evaluation of the miniproject represents (MP) a 40% of the final score.
- The evaluation of the Laboratory (L): 20% of the final score.
- The evaluation of the Problems (P): 15% of the final score.
- The evaluation of the Seminars (S): 15% of the final score.

With all the information of ratings and percentages described will get a single grade for each student.

3.4 Industrial Networks and Fieldbuses module

The Industrial Networks and Fieldbuses module has been prepared as a 15 week long 3 ECTS course, corresponding to a total workload of 81 hours. This workload is distributed between classes 3 hour long (totalling 45 hours), and individual study (comprising 36 hours total). Class hours include lectures, seminars and assisted laboratory, and individual study includes independent laboratory work (mini-project). The division of effort between these 4 activity types will differ from week to week depending on the subject matter and the expected output for the mini-project work for that week.

- 3 Lecture and problems: lecturer presents main ideas of lecture contents and proposes some application problems which students solve individually (0h45 to 1h30).
- 4 Seminars: a panel discussion by teams of 4 students, 0h45 long, consisting research related to communication protocols, or to the problem to be solved later during laboratory and/or mini-project session.
- Laboratory session: Lasting from 0h45 to 1h30, the students (in teams of 2) implement a practical problem previously presented during the lecture, following the guidance provided by the lecturer.
- Mini-project: dedicated to planning, designing, development and configuration of several industrial communication protocols, and using these protocols in a distributed automated control system. The mini-project is performed by teams of 4 students over an average of 2h00 each week.

As mentioned in previous documents, this module is organized in the following chapters:

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Modbus/TCP
- 3. Discrete Event Control

- 4. Modbus/RTU
- 5. CAN
- 6. CAN Open
- 7. Hierarchical Control
- Chapter 1 (Introduction to Industrial Filedbuses and Networks) is taught over the first 2 weeks (weeks 1 and 2), and introduces the field of industrial communication networks, providing an overview of how these are organized.
- Chapter 2 focuses on the Modbus protocol in general, and its implementation over the TCP/IP stack in particular. During these 2 weeks the students are expected to implement a very simple control algorithm for 3 conveyors that only use *binary* sensors and actuators.
- Chapter 3 also takes 2 weeks (weeks 5 and 6), and during this period the students become acquainted with methodologies for modeling complex discrete event control algorithms, and how to implement these in software.
- In chapter 4 the serial version of the Modbus protocol is introduced over weeks 7 and 8. This serial Modbus protocol is used for the communication between an Arduino and the computer running both the simulated plant floor and the discrete event control program. This involves implementing the Modbus serial protocol on both the PC as well as the Arduino in the laboratory sessions. The buttons and the lights on the Arduino are then used during the mini-project sessions as a physical interface with an operator, and the control algorithm is extended to take into account a RUN and STOP state.
- In chapter 5, corresponding to weeks 9 and 10, the students come into contact with the CAN fieldbus and use it to establish a network of Arduino devices. This network is used to simulate remote discrete Input/Outputs, and the students are expected to integrate these remote I/Os as an extra physical interface to the operator (RUN, STOP and PAUSE buttons, and GREEN and RED lights).
- In chapter 6 the students are asked to implement the CAN-Open protocol over the CAN network, and to use it in the mini-project. This is done during weeks 11, 12 and 13.
- In chapter 7 the industrial networks module focuses on hierarchical control architectures, and the communication protocols used in this capacity. In the first of two weeks (week 14) the students are asked to build a small SCADA based (Supervisory Control And Data Acquisition) graphical user interface (GUI) for a plant floor supervisor and/or operator. The mini-project session of week 15 (the last week of the module) is used for the presentations of the mini-project work.

The scheduling of the classes for this module are summarised Figure 3.

Week Type	Topic
1 – Introduction	1000
1 Lecture	Introduction to computer communications. OSI reference Model.
1 Seminar	Research of protocols, and location within the OSI reference model.
1 Laboratory	Analysis of protocols using protocol analyser (wireshark)
1 Miniproject	Presentation of project goals
2 Lecture	Foundations of industrial networks – an historical perspective.
2 Seminar	Research of field-buses (WorldFIP, MAP, Profibus, IPnet,)
2 Laboratory	Analysis of timing properties of control loops.
2 Miniproject	Requirements analysis, including timing requirements.
2 – Modbus/TCP	
3 Lecture	Modbus - Data model and Protocol Architecture.
3 Seminar	Structure of code implementing Modbus protocol
3 Laboratory	Implement a basic Modbus Client and Server Aplication
3 Miniproject	Desgin and structuring of control application
4 Lecture	Modbus TCP protocol
4 Seminar	TCP/IP and the Sockets API
4 Lab	Implement a basic Modbus/TCP Client and Server
4 Miniproject	Testing of modbus client and I/O address mapping
3 – Discrete Event Control	
5 Lecture	Discrete control logic
5 Seminar	Research discrete event systems modelling (grafcet, SFC, Petri Nets,)
5 Lab	Implementation of state machine based control logic Implement basic control logic
5 Miniproject	
6 Lecture	Synchronisation of control in discrete event systems
6 Seminar	Research synchronisation in distributed systems.
6 Lab	Implementation algorithms of state machine synchronisation
6 Miniproject 4 – Modbus/RTU	Implement complex control logic
7 Lecture	Serial communication protocols - Modbus RTU and Modbus ASCII
7 Seminar	Structure of code implementing Modbus serial protocol
7 Lab	Implement a basic Modbus/RTU Master (on computer)
7 Miniproject	Add control logic that uses input obtained from Modbus/RTU master
8 Lecture 8 Seminar	Overview of micro-controller programming Propose structure of code implementing Modbus serial protocol on micro-controller
8 Lab	Implement Modbus/RTU slave on micro-controller
8 Miniproject	Mapping of physical I/O to Modbus points and registers
5 – CAN	
9 Lecture	Introduction to the CAN protocol
9 Seminar	Research application areas of CAN networks (vehicular, avionics, industry,)
9 Lab	Configuring the mcp2515 controller over SPI (on micro-controller)
9 Miniproject	Build a library of functions to access CAN controller
10 Lecture	Simple messaging using the CAN protocol
10 Seminar	Industrial communication solutions based on CAN
10 Lab	Configuring a CAN Network
10 Miniproject	Sending and receiving CAN messages.
6 – CAN Open	TO DE L'AND
11 Lecture 11 Seminar	CAN-Open: The Object Dictionary (OD), and PDO transfers Research methods of implementing an OD
11 Lab	Implement a basic CAN-Open OD
11 Miniproject	Simple distributed control application based on sending and receiving asynchronous PDOs
12 Lecture	CAN-Open: Synchronous PDO transfers
12 Seminar 12 Lab	Research configuration of Synchronous PDOs in the OD Implement periodic Synch message, and PDO response
12 Miniproject	Add synchronous data transfer to distributed application.
13 Lecture	Response time analysis of Event and Time triggered networks
13 Seminar 13 Laboratory	Research pros and cons of time triggered vs event triggered approaches
13 Miniproject	Calculate response times in specific sample scenarious. Determine maximum response times of trafic in miniproject.
7 – Hierarchical Control	potentiano maximum response unies of danc il milliproject.
14 Lecture	Industrial Communication Architectures (CIM, ISA88/95)
14 Seminar	Research on OPC, MAP, MMS, CIP, Profinet
14 Laboratory	Hierarchical control architectures
14 Miniproject	Add hierarchical supervisory control of distributed control application.
15 Lecture	Data transfer with OPC
15 Seminar	Research commercial OPC offerings
15 Laboratory	Access process data using an OPC/Modbus gateway
15 Miniproject	Presentation of the project(s)

Figure 3 Scheduling of the Industrial Networks and Fieldbuses AIISM module

Grading and assessing the individual work of each student is done on a continuous bases,

throughout the 15 weeks of the module.

The final grade of each student is obtained from a weighted average of the following evaluation criteria: :

- evaluation of the student attitude (A), 10% of the final grade.
- evaluation of the miniproject (MP), 45% of the final grade.
- evaluation of the Laboratory work (L): 30% of the final grade.
- evaluation of the Seminars (S): 15% of the final score.

3.5 Process Controllers and Simulators module

The Process Controllers and Simulators module in AISSM course is structured with different activities. These activities are developed during 4 hours/day (during 15 weeks) through a PBL methodology, using as a case study the example of the control of the liquids tank. The learning sessions are organized in these activities: lectures, seminars, laboratories, miniproject and tutorship.

The proposed learning activities are the following:

- **Lectures** the first step in the learning process for each of the topics in a module. The lecturer presents the main topics, basic knowledge and the structure of the contents. This includes some application examples. Some lectures include elements of general theory not directly included in the exercises and mini-projects but very important for the applications.
- Laboratory sessions (labs) the first practical exercise that students take to acquire a basic set of skills related to the topic presented in the lecture. The exercises in the lab solve specific and well-defined problems; they are guided, fully documented, and of progressively increasing complexity. The lab provides students with a set of tools and skills that can be used to solve more open problems during the seminars.
- **Seminars** During the seminars the students must solve problems on the topic of the lecture. They have already collected experiences on related topics and procedures in the previous laboratories.
- **Mini-projects** During the mini-project students use the knowledge and skills that they have acquired in the lectures, labs and seminars to develop the couple controller-simulator for a physical process in an integral way. The problem of the mini-project is the highest complexity problem in the course. The working teams in the mini-project are the same as in the seminars. The designs developed by the teams during the seminars are used as components of the mini-project's problem's solution. The teams can combine seminar designs of different other teams to solve their mini-project.

Based in the previous proposals, the set of chapters to group different topics is the following:

1. Introduction

Classification and characteristics of the Computer Control Systems (CCS): embedded (specialized) systems; control systems for industrial applications with standardized functions.

2. Architecture of Computer Control Systems

Functional organization of the modern hierarchical industrial control systems.

Types of computer control and data acquisition systems: data collection systems, supervisor control, direct numerical control, logical controllers, etc. Modern, decentralized and distributed control systems.

3. Organization and structure of computers for control purposes

- Organization and structure of computers for the industrial controller and for embedded system. Analog and discrete I / O subsystems; analog and discrete control peripherals.
- Organization of computational processes in CCS for continuous control. Concept of static and dynamic process scheduling.
- Organization of computational processes in CCS interacting with discrete objects: implementation of synchronous, asynchronous and synchronous-asynchronous state machines.

4. Basic control algorithms

Controllers for analog objects - standard functions and algorithms; concept of configuration vs coding - specialized languages for continuous control system. Controllers for discrete objects - logical and sequential controllers.

5. **Real-Time software environment**

Real-Time operating systems - functions and subsystems; management processes (tasks). Scheduling in hard real-time constraints.

6. SCADA

Basic structure. Functions. Standards. Connection to the controllers. Interfaces.

7. Simulators – general theory

Software-in-the-Loop simulators. Hardware-in-the-Loop simulators. Agent-based simulators.

8. Simulators – practical aspects

Computer simulators including process periphery. Connecting the controller to the simulator. Setting-up the simulator. Induction of errors and special situations. Keeping the history of the process. Analysis encountered in real operation problems. Training of the personnel.

9. Simulation of distributed objects and control systems

Virtual monomachine approach. Component approach. Communication network influences – simulation.

10. Simulators validation

Validation using the "Configure/Reconfigure" approach.

11. Real-Time system improvement using simulation environment

Model improvements. Software improvements. Performance optimization.

The course has been scheduled assuming duration of 15 weeks, with 4 hours of direct teacher student interaction per week.

Another basic of an engineer is the correct management and documentation of a project. This is the objective of the following activities that are spread along the course. This is also a horizontal content of the module, so it is spread along the course and in a position where student understands its implications.

The scheduling distribution in weeks for this module is shown in the Table 4.

Table 4

	TD.	m •	Week														
Chapter	Type	Topic	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Introduction								_			-	-	_			
1	Lecture		X														
1	Seminar		X														
1	Lab		X														
1	Mini-project		X														
2	Architectur	re of Computer Co	ntro	ol S	yste	ems											
2	Lecture			X													
2	Seminar			X													
2	Lab			X													
2	Mini-project			X													
3	Organizatio	on and structure of	co	mpı	ıteı	s fo	or c	ont	rol	pui	pos	es					
3	Lecture				X												
3	Seminar				X												
3	Lab				X												
3	Mini-project				X												
4	Basic contr	ol algorithms			_		_			_	_		_	_	_		
4	Lecture					X											
4	Seminar					Х											
4	Lab					X											
4	Mini-project					X											
5	Real-Time s	software environmer	nt														
5	Lecture						Х										
5	Seminar						X										
5	Lab						X										
5	Mini-project						X										
5	Real-Time s	software environmer	nt														
5	Lecture							Х									
5	Seminar							X									
5	Lab							X									
5	Mini-project							X									
6	SCADA																
6	Lecture								X								
6	Seminar								X								
6	Lab								X								
6	Mini-project								X								
6	SCADA																
6	Lecture									X							
6	Seminar									X							
6	Lab									X							
6	Mini-project									X							

7	Simulators	– general 1	theory															
7	Lecture											X						
7	Seminar											X						
7	Lab											X						
7	Mini-project											X						
7	Simulators	– general t	theory									_						
7	Lecture												X					
7	Seminar												X					
7	Lab												X					
7	Mini-project												X					
8	Simulators	– practical	l aspects	5														
8	Lecture													X				
8	Seminar													X				
8	Lab													X				
8	Mini-project													X				
8	Simulators	– practical	l aspects	5														
8	Lecture														X			
8	Seminar														X			
8	Lab														X			
8	Mini-project														X			
9	Simulation	of distribu	ited obje	ects	and	l co	ntr	ol s	yste	ems	5							
9	Lecture															X		
9	Seminar															X		
9	Lab															X		
9	Mini-project															X		
10	Simulators	validation							_									
10	Lecture																X	
10	Seminar																X	
10	Lab																X	
10	Mini-project																X	
11	Real-Time	system imp	proveme	nt ı	ısin	g si	mu	lati	ion	env	iro	nme	ent					
11	Lecture																	X
11	Seminar																	X
11	Lab																	X
11	Mini-project																	X

About the module assessment [WP1.4 TUS], at this level we will collect all grades earned along the continuous assessment developed along the course and proceed to obtain the final grade for the course.

To do this we establish a just proportion between the different sections to ensure a fair rating for differentiating their individual acquisition of knowledge and skills against the student group work.

The proposal will apply as follows:

- The evaluation of the student attitude (A) a 10% of the final score.
- The evaluation of the miniproject represents (MP) a 40% of the final score.
- The evaluation of the Laboratory (L): 20% of the final score.
- The evaluation of the Problems (P): 15% of the final score.

• The evaluation of the Seminars (S): 15% of the final score.

With all the information of ratings and percentages described will get a single grade for each student.

For the calculation of the final grade (FG) can be followed as the following equation:

Distribution of percentages for final grade is shown in Figure 4.

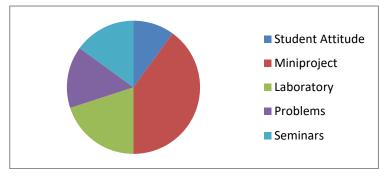


Figure 4. Distribution of percentages for final grade

4 Integration of AIISM Courses into Curricula at al-Farabi KazNU

AIISM Courses will be integrated into Curricula as a Modules of Individual Educational Trajectory "Design and development of the advanced industrial information systems" (TEMPUS MEDIS) for Master Program "Automation and control" (Table 5).

Table 5 Automation and control MA Characteristics of the Degree Program

Title of modules	Course code	Title of courses	Credit	ECTS credits	Lec/ prac/ Lab.	Sem.
	IFN 5201	History and Philosophy of Science	2	3	1+1+0	1
1. State Compulsory	Iya(p)5202	Foreign language (professional)	2	3	0+2+0	1
Module (8 credits)	Ped 5203	Pedagogy	2	3	1+1+0	2
	Psy 5204	Psychology	2	3	1+1+0	2

	ATS 5301	Automa	tion of technical systems	2	3	1+1+0	1
2. Compul-	OPNI 5205		ation and planning of cresearches	3	5	2+1+0	1
sory Profes- sional Mod- ules (14	CMM 5206		ontroller based systems trolling industrial es	3	5	1+1+1	1
cred-its)	IK 5207		ial computers	3	5	1+1+1	1
	KSUTP 5208		lers and Simulators for ogical process control	3	5	1+1+1	2
3. Modules of Individual Educational Trajectories (20 credits)	3.2. Basic Profe	essional M	odules	20	32		
	IET 1 ACS of TP in ba	asic fields	IET 2 Design and development of the advanced industrial information systems (TEMPUS MEDIS)				
	Elective Modu Automation sy design		Elective Module 1 Design and modeling systems	4			
	MPEPSU 5302 Mathematical programming a application in o		PMMSSS 5302 Applied mathematical models of systems, network structure	2	3	1+1+0	2
	PSA 5303 Auto systems design industrial proc	n in	PSA 5303 Automation systems design	2	3	1+1+0	2
	Elective Modu Theoretical inf and distribute calculations	le 2 formatics	Elective Module 2 Systems security	4			
	TI 5304 Theoretical inf	ormatics	BZKS 5304 Safety and security of computer systems	2	3	1+1+0	2
	DC 5305 Distributed cal	culations	PTSUB 5305 Design of technical systems of security management	2	3	1+1+0	2
	Elective Modu Management and automatic objects contro	systems on	Elective Module 3 Simulation of systems and computing platforms	6			

	IOSU 6306	SS 6306 Simulation of	3	5	2+1+0	3
	Information support of management systems	systems				
	OUOA 6307 Optimal control of automation objects	MOKP 6307 Mobile and cloud computing platforms	3	5	1+1+1	3
	Elective Module 4 Providing of safety and administration of networks	Elective Module 4 Industrial networks and management of the objects	6			
	MTSOB 6308 Methods and technical equipments of providing of safety	PSP 6308 Industrial networks and Fieldbuses	3	5	1+1+1	3
	AKS 6309 Administration of corporate networks	KSUTP 6309 Optimal management of the objects	3	5	2+1+0	3
4. The re-	NIRM I	Scientific Seminar I	1	4		1
search work and the im- plementatio	NIRM II	Scientific Seminar II	1	4		2
n of a student thesis (7	NIRM III	Scientific Seminar III	1	4		3
cred-its)	NIRM IV	Scientific Seminar IV	4	16		4
5. Profes- sional	PP	Pedagogical Internships	3	3		3
internship (6 credits)	IP	Research Internship	3	12		2,4
5. Final Attestation (4 credits)	KE	Comprehensive exam	1	4		4
(+ credits)	ZD	Clearance and defense of the thesis	3	12		4
TOTAL			Minim	um of 120	ECTS credi	ts

As it is shown at the Table 5 the 2 courses "Industrial networks and protocols" and "Mobile and cloud computing" will be implemented only on the 3-d semester. To implement pilot courses was decided to include these courses in the curriculum of the Master Programmes "Security Information Systems" and "Information Systems" too. Parts of the curriculums are shown at the Tables 6.

Table 6. 6M070300– Information Systems:

Module	Code	Discipline name	Credits	Semester				
		P		I	II	III		
		Basic discip	olines					
1.2. Elective module	Elective module #2 ISP 5205	Industrial networks and Fieldbuses	3		1+1+1			

Table 3. 6M100200–Information Security Systems:

Module	Code	Discipline name	Credits	Semester				
		•		I	II	III		
		Basic discip	olines					
1.2. Elective module	Elective module #3 MOKP 5307	Mobile and cloud computing platforms	3	1+1+1				

5 Adaptation of EU Proposal to KazNU Curricula

The analysis presented above enabled to develop the Curricula's. Thus, the proposed AIISM disciplines are included into existing Curricula's with the distribution of academic hours shown at the Table 7.

Table 7

	er	edits	Aca	demic I	Academic Hours per Week					
Subject	Semester	ECTS Credits	Total	Lectures	Seminars	Laboratory Lessons	Independe nt Work	1 Semester	2 Semester	3 Semester
Industrial Computers	1	5	105	15	15	30	45	4		
Industrial controllers and simulators	1	5	105	15	15	30	45	4		
Microcontroller based systems for controlling industrial processes	1	5	105	15	15	30	45	4		
Mobile and Cloud Computing	3	5	105	15	15	30	45			4
Industrial Networks and Fieldbuses	3	5	105	15	15	30	45			4

As it is presented in the Table 7, every subject has equal number of ECTS credits, namely 5 ECTS credits that is an equivalent of 105 academic hours. This total number of academic hours is divided to 60 contact hours and 45 academic hours of independent student's work. Contact hours include 15 academic hours of lectures, 15 academic hours of seminars and 30 academic hours of laboratory lessons.

Contact hours of 60 academic hours per a semester correspond to 4 academic hours per a week (the detailed information on education process at KazNU is presented in Section 6 of this document).

The distribution of AIISM disciplines within the developed curricula is that the majority of subjects are scheduled for the 1st semester of the 1st year of the Master Program. This distribution has been fulfilled according to the analysis of AIISM presented in the paper "A

Methodology for the Formation of Highly Qualified Engineers at Masters Level in the Design and Development of Advanced Industrial Information Systems". Proceedings of the conference "Integration of education, science and business as the basis of innovation development of economy", Almaty, Kazakhstan, 2015 [9].

6 Implementation of ECTS

According the State standard of RK #1080 23.08.2012 for work load and credits of high education:

Number of ECTS credits

1 credit (Kazakh) = 45 hours

1 hour = 50 minutes

1 ECTS = 30 hours

1 ECTS = 1.5 * 1 credit (theoretical), 4*1 credit (practices(educational-0.5*1, pedagogic-1*1), research work)(Kazakh).

For the Master Degree: 59 Kazakh credits=3600 hours=120 ECTS

Thus, Master Degree in Automation and control (6M070200) consists of

- Fundamental Disciplines Module 20 credits=900 hours (20*1.5=30 ECTS)
- Specialization Disciplines Module 22 credits=990 hours (33 ECTS)
- Additional types of training(practics) (3+3)credits=360+90(pedagogic) hours (12(3*4)+3(3*1)=15 ECTS)
- Masters student's research work, 7 credits=840 hours (7*4=28 ECTS)
- Final attestation(preparation,exam, defense) 4 credits =420 hours (4*3,2=13,6 ECTS)

Amount of hours: 900+990+450+840+420=3600

Examinations (oral, written, other)

In addition to regular control – ongoing checks of students' performance during the semester, the academic policy of the al-Farabi National University provides for two more types of control:

1) interim control and 2) final control. Interim control is held on the 7th week and 15th week of the semester and aims to evaluate students' performance in the preceding period, in addition to results of regular control.

Regular and interim control is held in the form of quizzes, tests, presentations, essays, class discussions, roundtables, simulations and other assignments. The exact form of regular and interim control is determined by a lecturer depending on specifics of a concrete module and clearly described in a module syllabus. Final control is an evaluation of students' academic achievements in studying each module. It is held as an examination at the end of the semester. Final examinations can be oral, written, in the form of tests, or take a combined form (oral-written or written-testing). The form of a final examination is suggested by a lecturer and must be approved by the department's Academic Board. Each module is assigned 100 points. The maximum number of points a student can collect as a result of two interim controls is 200, or 100 for each interim control. To be allowed to take a final examination, a student must collect not less than 50 points. The maximum number of points a student can get for a final examination is 100. A student's final grade depends on the total number of collected points, in accordance with the grading conversion table below.

The scale of knowledge's estimation

Letter Grade	Grade Point Value (GPA)	Percentage (%)	Conventional Grade
A	4	95-100	"Excellent"
A-	3,67	90-94	Excellent
B+	3,33	85-89	
В	3	80-84	Good
B-	2,67	75-79	
C+	2,33	70-74	
С	2	65-69	
C-	1,67	60-64	"Satisfactorily"
D+	1,33	55-59	
D	1	50-54	
F	_	0-49	Failure
I	_	_	Incomplete
W	_	_	Withdrawal
AW		_	Academic Withdrawal
AU	_	_	Audit
P/NP	_	65-100/0-64	Pass / No Pass

Usually one subject includes from 3 to 5 ECTS credits. However either less or more number of ECTS credits is acceptable as well.

7 Evaluation system

According to the internal regulations of KazNU an evaluation system description is a part of a teacher's documentation prepared for every subject of the curriculum. This evaluation system description includes detailed information about components of student's rating, criteria of evaluation, rules of rating calculation, etc. Standard practice in KazNU is to use 100-point scale for the evaluation system of every subject. The main objective of the evaluation system is to encourage students to work actively and continuously during a whole semester as well as to ensure fair evaluation of student's learning results.

This existing document can be adapted for implementation of the evaluation system proposed by EU partners. To achieve this objective as well as to satisfy demands of the internal regulations of KazNU the following actions should be fulfilled for every subject of MEDIS section of the curriculum:

- 1. The set of student's activities should be defined.
- 2. The maximum number of points of the final score should be defined.
- 3. The maximum number of points within the maximum final score should be assigned for every activity.
- 4. Clear and monosemantic criteria of evaluation should be formulated for every component of the evaluation system.

Since the proposed learning activities within MEDIS methodology are the following:

- Lecture
- Problems for individual work of a student
- Laboratory session
- Seminar
- Mini-project,

they are used as a basic set of student's activities for every subject of MEDIS section of the curriculum. To obtain a final set of activities, the proposed proportion between the different sections to ensure a fair rating for differentiating individual acquisition of knowledge and skills against the student group work should be taken into consideration:

- The evaluation of the student attitude (A) a 10% of the final score.
- The evaluation of the miniproject represents (MP) a 40% of the final score.
- The evaluation of the Laboratory (L): 20% of the final score.
- The evaluation of the Problems (P): 15% of the final score.
- The evaluation of the Seminars (S): 15% of the final score.

Thus, the student attitude (A) can be applicable to "Lecture" activity in the basic set, what gives us the final activity to be evaluated – "Active attitude of the student on lectures", what means student's questions and participation in discussions during a lecture. The maximum number of points for activity is 10, what is 10% of 100 points. The criteria of evaluation for this activity can be the following:

- The student gets from 8 to 10 points if he or she participates actively in every lecture asks questions, participates in discussions (active attitude).
- The student gets from 5 to 7 points if he or she participates actively in discussions or asks questions in more than a half of lectures during the semester (quite active attitude).
- The student gets from 2 to 4 points if he or she participates actively in discussions or asks questions in less than a half of lectures during the semester (rather active than passive attitude).
- The student gets 1 point if he or she doesn't participate in discussions or ask questions (passive attitude).
- The student gets 0 point if he or she doesn't attend lectures.

The evaluation of the mini-project representation (MP) is applicable to "Mini-project" activity in the basic set, what gives us the final activity to be evaluated – "Fulfilment and presentation of mini-project", what allows to evaluate a student's work from the very beginning of the work on the mini-project to presentation of this project. The maximum number of points for activity is 40, what is 40% of 100 points. Since this activity is complex, it should be evaluated by several criteria to be defined separately. The final score for this activity is a sum of points according to every criterion. The list of criteria can be the following:

- Quality of the mini-project fulfilment – it gives the student from 1 to 10 points according to the project's quality level.

- Ability to work in a team it gives the student from 1 to 10 points according to effectiveness of the student's work.
- Quality of the report documentation on the mini-project it gives the student from 1 to 10 points according to the project documentation's quality level.
- Quality of the presentation of the mini-project it gives the student from 1 to 10 points according to the project presentation's quality level.

These criteria should be applied to every student in the project team individually.

The evaluation of the Laboratory (L) can be applicable to "Laboratory session" activity in the basic set, what gives us the final activity to be evaluated – "Quality of student's work during laboratory sessions", what includes different aspects of the student's work during laboratory session. The maximum number of points for activity is 20, what is 20% of 100 points. Since this activity is also complex, it should be evaluated by two criteria to be defined separately. The final score for this activity is a sum of points according to every of two criterion. The criteria are as follows:

- Quality of the laboratory tasks fulfilment it gives the student from 1 to 10 points according to the quality level.
- Quality of the answers during fulfilled task discussion it gives the student from 1 to 10 points according to the student's answers quality level.

The evaluation of the Problems (P) can be applicable to "Problems for individual work of a student" activity in the basic set, what gives us the final activity to be evaluated – "Quality of student's individual work on given problems", what means quality student's solution of given individual tasks. The maximum number of points for activity is 15, what is 15% of 100 points.

The criteria of evaluation for this activity can be the following:

- The student gets from 14 to 15 points if problems solved correctly, the solution is explained and illustrated well, there are no mistakes of typos.
- The student gets from 11 to 13 points if problems solved correctly, but the solution is explained and illustrated too short, but there are no mistakes of typos.
- The student gets from 7 to 10 points if problems solved almost correctly, but there are some insignificant mistakes of typos.
- The student gets from 3 to 6 points if problems solved, but there are significant mistakes of typos.
- The student gets from 1 to 2 points if problems don't solved.
- The student gets 0 point if solutions are missing.

The evaluation of the Seminars (S) can be applicable to "Seminar" activity in the basic set, what gives us the final activity to be evaluated – "Active attitude of the student on seminars", what means student's participation in discussions during a seminar. The maximum number of points for activity is 15, what is 15% of 100 points. The criteria of evaluation for this activity can be the following:

- The student gets from 13 to 15 points if he or she participates actively in every seminar (active attitude).
- The student gets from 8 to 11 points if he or she participates actively in discussions in more than a half of seminars during the semester (quite active attitude).
- The student gets from 4 to 7 points if he or she participates actively in discussions in less than a half of lectures during the semester (rather active than passive attitude).
- The student gets from 2 to 3 points if he or she rarely participates in discussions (rather passive than active attitude).
- The student gets 1 point if he or she doesn't participate in discussions (passive attitude).
- The student gets 0 point if he or she doesn't attend seminars.

The final score of the student is calculated as a sum of his or her individual score for every of 5 evaluation elements. The final student's grade is defined according to Table 6.

8 Supporting documents

By decision of the Academic Council of the Faculty of Mechanics and Mathematics, Department of Informational Systems of KazNU the MEDIS section of 5 subjects is recommended for including into Curricula of Master Program "Automation and Control", 1 subject Curricula of Master Program "Information Systems", and 1 subject Curricula of Master Program "Security Information Systems" in 2015/2016 academic year (Annex).

9 Conclusion

5 AIISM courses will be integrated into curricula for the Master Program "Automation and Control" as an educational trajectory "TEMPUS MEDIS". For the 2015-2016 educational as a pilot implementation 2 AIISM courses will be integrated into curricula for the Master Program "Information Systems" and "Security Information Systems".

AIISM courses titles are exactly the same as EU partners proposed.

10 References

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